1. Prove that if $f$ and $g$ are functions that are increasing on an interval $I$, then the function $f+g$, defined by $(f+g)(x)=f(x)+g(x)$, is also increasing on $I$.
2. Assume that $a, b, c, d$ are nonzero real numbers. Define function $h: \mathbb{R}-\{d / c\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ by

$$
h(x)=\frac{a x-b}{c x-d}
$$

Prove that $h$ is one-to-one if and only if $a d \neq b c$.

