

**BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH**

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NAME: Ming-Ying Leung

eRA COMMONS USER NAME (credential, e.g., agency login): mleung

POSITION TITLE: Professor of Mathematical Sciences

EDUCATION/TRAINING (*Begin with baccalaureate or other initial professional education, such as nursing, include postdoctoral training and residency training if applicable. Add/delete rows as necessary.*)

INSTITUTION AND LOCATION	DEGREE (if applicable)	Completion Date MM/YYYY	FIELD OF STUDY
University of Hong Kong	B.Sc.	1980	Mathematics
University of Hong Kong	M.Phil.	1983	Mathematics
Stanford University	M.S.	1988	Computer Science
Stanford University	Ph.D.	1989	Mathematics

**A. Personal Statement**

My research focuses on developing probabilistic models and computational algorithms for bioinformatics analysis of biomolecular sequence data. In particular, I have developed Markov models, scan statistics, and computational algorithms to identify unusual palindromic patterns in the nucleotide sequences and have applied them to the analysis of genomic sequences of DNA and RNA viruses like the herpesviruses and SARS coronaviruses. I have also been developing efficient computational approaches for predicting secondary structures, including pseudoknots, of long RNA sequences. We have devised methods to circumvent the extremely high demands of memory and computing time in the structure prediction problem by using grid computing technologies available in the UTEP Border Biomedical Research Center Bioinformatics Computing Core Facility, where I serve as director. The research in these projects has resulted in several bioinformatics software packages publicly accessible online ([bioinformatics.utep.edu/BCL](http://bioinformatics.utep.edu/BCL)). With broad research interests and experience in probabilistic modeling, algorithm design, and statistical bioinformatics, I have served as PI and co-PI in various projects for setting up and managing computational facilities for biomedical research and as director of the Bioinformatics and Computational Science Programs for administering graduate research training at UTEP. Over the past 20 years, my research has been funded by NIH, NSF, IBM, and the Texas NHARP in viral genome replication, sequence analysis, and RNA structural prediction with a long record of publication in these areas. In addition, I am involved in several collaborative research projects in identifying protein biomarkers for hepatocellular carcinoma, mammogram image analysis, and HIV vaccine development.

1. Leung, M.Y., Burge, C., Blaisdell, B.E., and Karlin, S., (1991) An Efficient Algorithm for Identifying Matches with Errors in Multiple Long Molecular Sequences, *J. Mol. Biol.* 221, 1367-1378. **PMCID: PMC4076298**
2. Leung, M.Y., Marsh, G.M., and Speed, T.P. (1996) Over and Under Representation of Short Oligonucleotides in Herpes Virus Genomes. *J. Computational Biology*, 3(3), 345-360. **PMCID: PMC4076300**
3. Chew, D.S.H., Choi, K.P., Heidner, H., and Leung, M.Y. (2004) Palindromes in SARS and Other Coronaviruses, *INFORMS J. Comp.* 16(4), 331-340. **PMCID: PMC4066412**
4. Cruz-Cano, R., Lee, M.-L. T., Leung, M.Y., (2012). Logic Minimization and Rule Extraction for Identification of Functional Sites in Molecular Sequences. *BioData Mining*, 5(10), 1-21. Available at [biodatamining.org/content/5/1/10](http://biodatamining.org/content/5/1/10). Accessed 6/30/17. **PMCID: PMC3492099**

## **B. Positions and Honors**

### **Positions and Employment**

- 1980-1983: Teaching Assistant, Department of Mathematics, University of Hong Kong  
1982-1983: Lecturer, Department of Extramural Studies, University of Hong Kong  
1983-1989: Research Assistant and Teaching Fellow, Department of Mathematics, Stanford University  
1989-2003: Assistant and Associate Professor, Division of Mathematics and Statistics, The University of Texas at San Antonio  
1993 : Visiting Research Fellow, Department of Statistics, University of California at Berkeley and Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, University of California at San Francisco  
2001-2002: Visiting Associate Professor, Department of Statistics, Rice University  
2003- : Professor, Department of Mathematical Sciences, and Director, Bioinformatics Program, The University of Texas at El Paso  
2013- : Director, Computational Science Program, The University of Texas at El Paso

### **Other Experience and Professional Memberships**

- 1990-1991: Consultant for the mathematical molecular biology groups at the University of Southern California and Stanford University  
2002-2003: Editorial Board Member, Advances and Applications in Statistics  
2002-2004: Co-chair, Organizing Committee for the International Workshop on Statistical Methods in Microarray Data Analysis, Institute of Mathematical Sciences, National University of Singapore  
2005 : Chair, Joint Session in Bioinformatics, 2005 INFORMS Annual Meeting  
2005-2009: External Advisory Board Member, NSF and HHMI funded "Talent Expansion in Quantitative Biology" project at East Tennessee State University  
2007-2013: Associate Editor, INFORMS Journal on Computing  
2008 : Chair, Invited paper session in Stochastic Models for Biological Processes, International Workshop on Applied Probability, July 2008, Compiègne, France  
2008-2010: Member, The University of Texas System Computational Biology Workgroup for the Cancer Prevention and Research Institute of Texas  
2009- : Member, NIH-RCMI Translational Research Network Translational Informatics Subcommittee  
2010 : External Review Panelist for West Virginia IDeA Network for Biomedical Research Excellence, Research Competitiveness Program, American Association for the Advancement of Science  
2010 : Chair, Session on Stochastic Models for Biological Systems, 2010 INFORMS Annual Meeting  
2011 : Chair for invited Session Computational Methods in Biomolecular and Phylogenetic Analyses, International Federation of Operational Research Societies (IFORS) Conference, July 2011, Melbourne, Australia.  
2011 : Chair for invited Cluster on Computational Biology, Institute for Operations Research and Management Science (INFORMS) Annual Conference, November 2011, Charlotte.  
2012- : Organizer, Joint UTEP/NMSU Workshop on Mathematics, Computer Science, and Computational Sciences  
2013- : Mentor, National Alliance for Doctoral Studies in the Mathematical Sciences  
2016 : Member, Scientific Program Committee, International Workshop on Applied Probability, Toronto

### **Honors**

- 1986-1987: Andrew Mellon Foundation Research Award, Institute of Population and Resource Studies, Stanford University  
2004 : Professor Y.C. Wong Visiting Lectureship, University of Hong Kong  
2007-2008: Outstanding Performance Award, Office of Research and Sponsored Programs, UTEP  
2014-2015: Outstanding Performance Award in Securing Extramural Funding, Office of Research and Sponsored Projects, UTEP  
2017 : Student Choice Award for Outstanding Teaching, Department of Mathematical Sciences, UTEP

## **C. Contribution to Science**

1. Palindromes in Searches for Replication Origins: With my early training and interests in designing efficient algorithms for identifying matches in multiple long molecular sequences, my research focus has been on DNA sequences of Herpesvirus genomes. The most significant contribution is the mathematical characterization of nonrandom clusters of palindromes (e.g., GCAATATTGC), which is a short DNA segment whose reverse complementary sequence is identical to itself. The probability of finding origins of replication around nonrandom clusters of palindromes has been shown to be higher. These replication origins are

potential targets for developing vaccines against the growth and spread of viruses. My group continues to find new approaches, such as AT excursion and least-squares support vector machine, to predict the locations of these replication origins more accurately, facilitating the efforts to find targets of vaccine development with less experimentation.

- a. Leung, M.Y., Choi, K.P., Xia, A. and Chen, L.H.Y. (2005) Nonrandom Clusters of Palindromes in Herpesvirus Genomes, *J. Computational Biology* 12(3), 331-354. **PMCID: PMC4032367**
  - b. Chew, D.S.H., Choi, K.P., and Leung, M.Y. (2005) Scoring Schemes of Palindrome Clusters for More Sensitive Prediction of Replication Origins in Herpesviruses, *Nucleic Acids Research* 33 (15), e134. **PMCID: PMC1197138**
  - c. Chew, D.S.H., Leung, M.Y., and Choi, K.P. (2007) AT Excursion: a New Approach to Predict Replication Origins in Viral Genomes by Locating AT-rich Regions. *BMC Bioinformatics* 8, 163-174. **PMCID: PMC1904460**
  - d. Cruz-Cano, R., Chew, D.S.H., Choi, K.P., and Leung, M.Y. (2010) Least-Squares Support Vector Machine Approach to Viral Replication Origin Prediction, *INFORMS J. Computing*, 22(3), 457-470. **PMCID: PMC2923853**
2. Establishment of RNA Virtual Lab with Databases for RNA Pseudoknots: Palindromes are special cases of the more general patterns of inversions in RNA sequences. Each inversion is a palindrome with a gap between the two complimentary stem sequences. With recent outbreaks of RNA viruses (e.g., SARS, West Niles), our attention has shifted to viruses with RNA molecules as their genomes. Inversions in these RNA molecules have been found to be involved in the formation of stem loops and pseudoknots, sequence patterns important for the formation of their secondary structures and functioning of the viral genomic sequences. Therefore, an RNAVLab (Ribonucleic Acid Virtual Laboratory; [rnavlab.utep.edu](http://rnavlab.utep.edu)) has been established for providing a series of software applications and online databases for analyses of RNA secondary structures. As an extension to the existing PseudoBase, we have released the PseudoBase++ version in 2009.
- a. Taufer, M., Leung, M.Y., Solorio, T., Licon, A., Mireles, D., and Johnson, K.L. (2008) RNAVLab: A Virtual Laboratory for Studying RNA Secondary Structures Based on Grid Computing Technology, *Parallel Computing* 34: 661-680. **PMCID: PMC2714649**
  - b. Taufer, M., Licon, A., Araiza, R., Mireles, D., Gulyaev, A., Van Batenburg, F.H.D., and Leung, M.Y. (2009) PseudoBase++: An Extension of PseudoBase for Easy Searching, Formatting, and Visualization of Pseudoknots. *Nucleic Acids Research* 37(Database Issue):D127-135. **PMCID: PMC2686561**
  - c. Licon, A., Taufer, M., Leung, M.Y., Johnson, K.L. (2010) A Dynamic Programming Algorithm for Finding the Optimal Segmentation of an RNA Sequence in Secondary Structure Predictions. In: *Proceedings of the 2nd International Conference on Bioinformatics and Computational Biology 2010 (BICoB-2010)*, Honolulu, Hawaii, pp.165-170. **PMCID: PMC4335647**
  - d. Yehdego, D. T., Zhang, B., Kodimala, V. K.R., Johnson, K. L., Taufer, M., Leung, M.Y. (2013) Secondary Structure Predictions for Long RNA Sequences Based on Inversion Excursions and MapReduce. In: *Proceedings of the 12th IEEE International Workshop on High Performance Computational Biology (HiCOMB 2013)*, Boston, MA: pp. 1-10. Available at [hicomb.org/HiCOMB2013/papers/HICOMB2013-03.pdf](http://hicomb.org/HiCOMB2013/papers/HICOMB2013-03.pdf). Accessed 6/30/2017.
3. Long RNA Secondary Structure Prediction Based On RNA Segmentation Algorithm Using Grid Computing: A series of JAVA-based applications and their upgrades have been released in the last few years, e.g., InversFinder 2.0, Segmenta 2.0, and the complete bundle of RNASSA 2.0 has been made available online by 2012 (RNASSA stands for RiboNucleic Acid Secondary Structure Analysis). The core of this software is a new RNA segmentation algorithm based on optimal cuts between inversion clusters along the RNA sequence, relying on the mathematical theory of excursion. With the use of high-throughput grid computing across a network of computers (Bioinformatics Grid) managed by the HTCondor software for task scheduling, we have been able to reduce the computing time from days to a few minutes for structure prediction of RNA over 3000 bases.
- a. Rosskopf, J.J.; Upton, J.H.III, Rodarte, L., Romero, T.A., Leung, M.Y., Taufer, M. and Johnson, K.L. (2010) A 3' terminal stem-loop structure in Nodamura virus RNA2 forms an essential cis-acting signal for RNA replication. *Virus Research* 150(1-2):12-21. **PMCID: PMC3017585**
  - b. Mohl, J., Licon, A., Viswakula, S., Kelley, P., Araiza, R., Kodimala, V., Vegesna, R., Saldivar, L., Yehdego, D., Cardenas, G., Vest, E., Taufer, M., Fuentes, O., Johnson, K. L., and Leung, M.Y. (2012) RNASSA 2.0: RNA Secondary Structure Analysis (Version 2.0.121208). Available at [rnavlab.utep.edu/rnassa](http://rnavlab.utep.edu/rnassa). Accessed 6/30/2017.

- c. Viswakula, S., Kodimala, V., Yehadego, D., Vegesna, R., Taufer, M., Leung, M.Y., Johnson, K. L., (2012). Segmenta 2.0: A Bioinformatics Tool for RNA Segmentation (Version 2.0.121208). Available at [navlab.utep.edu/rnavlab/downloads.php](http://navlab.utep.edu/rnavlab/downloads.php). Accessed 6/30/2017.
  - d. Zhang, B., Yehadego, D. T., Johnson, K. L., Leung, M.Y., Taufer, M., (2013). Enhancement of accuracy and efficiency for RNA secondary structure prediction by sequence segmentation and MapReduce. *BMC Structural Biology*, 13 (Suppl. 1) (S3), 1-24. Available at [biomedcentral.com/1472-6807/13/S1/S3](http://biomedcentral.com/1472-6807/13/S1/S3). Accessed 6/30/2017. **PMCID: PMC3952952**
4. Extension of the Sequence Segmentation Algorithm for Other Computationally Intensive Problems. With the Translational Bioinformatics Lab and Structural Bioinformatics Lab housing the Bioinformatics Grid with videoconferencing capability established in 2012, we have initiated collaborative projects requiring computationally-intensive tasks and data transfer between remote sites. In collaboration with Dr. Gerken at Case Western Reserve University on a project entitled "Initiation and Regulation of Mucin Type O-Glycosylation" with specific aims to understand the processes governing O-glycan site selection and O-glycan elongation in order to address the molecular mechanisms and biology of O-glycosylation. We have already constructed a working prototype of a web-based software tool ISOGLYP (Isoform Specific O-Glycosylation Prediction), for predicting O-glycosylation sites in amino acid sequences, available at [isoglyp.utep.edu](http://isoglyp.utep.edu). Using a more sophisticated conceptual model on the Bioinformatics Grid with the high-throughput HTCondor system, our ongoing effort is to extend the current version by incorporating recent data on the N- or C-terminal targeting of previously glycosylated peptide substrate. Other projects include the implementation of a pipeline for predicting GPCRs (G-protein coupled receptors) using hidden Markov models; the application of super-resolution techniques in improving mammograms; and the use of a whole-exome sequencing approach coupled with a bioinformatics gene ontology pipeline to identify exonic DNA variants in patients with ALL (Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia) from the El Paso Children's Hospital.
- a. Schaubert, K.L., Price, D.A., Salkowitz, J.R., Sewell, A.K., Sidney, J, Asher, T.E., Blondelle, S.E., Adams, S., Marincola, F.M., Joseph, A., Sette, A., Douek, D.C., Ayyavoo, V, Storkus, W., Leung, M.Y., Ng, H.L., Yang, O.O., Goldstein, H., Wilson, D.B., Kan-Mitchell, J. (2010) Generation of robust CD8(+) T-cell responses against subdominant epitopes in conserved regions of HIV-1 by repertoire mining with mimotopes. *Eur J Immunol*. 40(7):1950-1962. **PMCID: PMC3086652**
  - b. Guerrero, F., Kellogg, A., Ogrey, A. N., Heekin, A. M., Barrero, R., Bellgard, M. I., Dowd, S. E., Leung, M.Y. (2016) Prediction of G protein-coupled receptor encoding sequences from the synganglion transcriptome of the cattle tick, *Rhipicephalus microplus*. *Ticks and Tick-borne Diseases*. 7(5), 670-677. Available at [dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ttbdis.2016.02.014](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ttbdis.2016.02.014). Accessed 6/30/2017. **PMCID: PMC5138280**
  - c. Leung, M.Y., Knapka, J.A., Wagler, A.E., Rodriguez, G., Kirken, R.A. (2016) OncoMiner: A pipeline for bioinformatics analysis of exonic sequence variants in cancer. In: Big Data Analytics in Genomics, Wong, K.C. (Ed.), pp. 373-396, Springer, New York. Available at [link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-3-319-41279-5\\_12](http://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-3-319-41279-5_12). Accessed 6/30/2017.
  - d. Munoz, S., Guerrero, F., Kellogg, A., Heekin, A. M., Leung, M.Y. (2017) Bioinformatic prediction of G protein-coupled receptor encoding sequences from the transcriptome of the foreleg, including the Haller's organ, of the cattle tick, *Rhipicephalus australis*. *PloS One* 12(2):e0172326. Available at [dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0172326](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0172326). Accessed 6/30/2017. **PMCID: PMC5322884**

#### D. Additional Information: Research Support and/or Scholastic Performance

##### Complete List of Published Work in MyBibliography

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/myncbi/browse/collection/47215158/?sort=date&direction=ascending>

##### Ongoing Research Support

Grant: 1U01GM113534-01 (Gerken)

12/1/2014 – 6/30/2019

Source: NIH/Case Western Reserve University

Title: Initiation and Regulation of Mucin Type O-Glycosylation

Major Goal: To study the specificity of the large family (20 members in humans) of polypeptide-GalNAc transferases (ppGalNAcTs) that initiate mucin-type O-glycosylation. The results of this work will provide specific information on the activities and biological roles of the enzymes that perform mucin-type glycosylation and will allow the eventual development of specific therapeutics for the treatment of a range of hormonal, metabolic, inflammatory, cardiovascular and neoplastic diseases.

Role: Subcontract PI

Grant: 2G12MD007592 (Kirken)

7/1/2014 – 3/31/2019

Source: NIH

Title: Border Biomedical Research Center

Major Goal: Achieving the RCMI-BBRC goal and objectives will help create a healthier Paso de Norte border region by spearheading, sustaining and leveraging biomedical research and practice, and increasing the work force to develop countermeasures to health problems concentrated in the area but of national consequence, and provide a highly competitive faculty and training setting at UTEP to prepare minority students for entry into the biomedical research mainstream of the nation.

Role: Director, Bioinformatics Core Facility

### **Completed Research Support**

Grant: 1R15AI105823-01A1 (Johnson)

4/1/2014 – 3/31/2017

Source: NIH

Title: Mechanisms in Viral RNA Replication Complex Assembly: Novel Targets For Antivira

Major Goal: This study will uncover essential processes in viral RNA replication common to many pathogenic viruses and will identify new targets for antiviral therapies.

Role: Co-I

Grant: 2012-38422-19910 (Leung)

9/1/2012 – 8/31/2016

Source: USDA

Title: Bioinformatics Education for Agricultural Science

Major Goal: The major goals of this project are to support undergraduates and graduate students, and train them to conduct bioinformatics analysis of data from USDA research. The project will generate educational materials packaged in the form of web-based modules that can be readily utilized for lecture presentation and class projects in bioinformatics-related courses in biology, biochemistry, computer science, and mathematics.

Role: PI

Grant: DUE 0966151 (Pannell)

9/1/2010 – 8/31/2016

Source: NSF

Title: Recruiting and Keeping Undergraduate Students in the Sciences

Major Goal: The major goal of this project is to offer scholarships to talented freshmen majoring in biology, chemistry, mathematics, geology, or physics.

Role: Co-PI

Grant: DUE 0926721 (Leung)

9/1/2009 – 8/31/2016

Source: NSF Interdisciplinary Training for Undergraduates in Biological and Mathematical Sciences (UBM)

Title: UBM Institutional: Undergraduate Training in Bioinformatics

Major Goal: The major goal of this project is to establish an undergraduate training program of bioinformatics research at UTEP.

Role: PI

Grant: 2G12RR008124 (Natalicio)

9/7/2009 – 6/30/2014

Source: NIH/NCRR

Title: Border Biomedical Research Center

Major Goal: The major goal of this project is to facilitate and expand the pathobiology research at The University of Texas at El Paso (UTEP) by strengthening the research infrastructure of the institution.

Role: Director, Bioinformatics Computing Laboratory (BCL) Core Facility

Grant: 1T36GM078000-01 (Aley)

6/1/2008 – 5/31/2014

Source: NIH Minority Access to Research Careers (MARC) Program

Title: Enhancement of Quantitative Science in Biology Curricula

Major Goal: The major goals of this project are to develop a revised biology curriculum with a strong, quantitative framework and with integral interdisciplinary ties to mathematical science and computer science.

Role: Co-PI