

Math 2326, Test II

Name \_\_\_\_\_

1. a. Find the general solution to the following system.

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 6 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

answer:  $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = C_1 e^{-3t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} + C_2 e^{2t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

- b.  $(0, 0)$  is an equilibrium point; classify it as a source, sink, saddle, spiral source, spiral sink or center.

answer: saddle

- c. Are there any initial conditions  $(x(0), y(0))$  for which the solution will tend to infinity with time; if so, give one.

answer: anything except a multiple of  $(1, -3)$

- d. Are there any initial conditions  $(x(0), y(0))$  for which the solution will tend to  $(0, 0)$  with time (other than the equilibrium point  $(0, 0)$  itself); if so give one.

answer: any nonzero multiple of  $(1, -3)$

2. a. Write the second order equation  $y'' + by' + ky = 0$  as a system of the form (Hint: define  $v = y'$ ):

$$\begin{bmatrix} y' \\ v' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y \\ v \end{bmatrix}$$

answer:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y' \\ v' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -k & -b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y \\ v \end{bmatrix}$$

- b. Give a pair of values for  $b$  and  $k$  for which the equilibrium point  $(0, 0)$  will be a center; then a pair for which it is a spiral sink; then a pair for which it is a (non-spiral) source.

answer: center,  $b = 0, k > 0$

spiral sink,  $b > 0, k > b^2/4$

source:  $b < 0, 0 \leq k \leq b^2/4$

- c. The following MATLAB program is to use Euler's method to solve the differential equation of problem 2a (assume  $b, k$  are defined), with initial conditions  $y(0) = 2, y'(0) = -2$ . Finish the six incomplete statements. (You don't need to use correct MATLAB syntax).

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t = 0;
--> y = 2;
--> v = -2;
h = 0.001;
for i=1:1000
--> f1 = v;
--> f2 = -k*y-b*v;
--> y = y + h*f1;
--> v = v + h*f2;
t = t + h
end

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3. a. Find all equilibrium points of the system:

$$\begin{aligned}x' &= x(2 - x - y) \\y' &= y(3 - 2x - y)\end{aligned}$$

answer:  $(0, 0), (0, 3), (2, 0), (1, 1)$

- b. If  $x(0) = 0, y(0) = 1$ , what does  $y(t)$  tend to as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ ? If  $x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0$ , what does  $x(t)$  tend to as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ ? Does this appear to model a predator-prey problem?

answer: If  $x = 0, y \rightarrow 3$ ; If  $y = 0, x \rightarrow 2$   
no, neither species dies out if the other goes extinct.

4. Given that two solutions of

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

are  $(e^{-2t}\cos(3t), e^{-2t}\sin(3t))$  and  $(-e^{-2t}\sin(3t), e^{-2t}\cos(3t))$ , find the solution of this system satisfying  $x(0) = -3, y(0) = 4$ .

answer:  $(x, y) = -3e^{-2t}(\cos(3t), \sin(3t)) + 4e^{-2t}(-\sin(3t), \cos(3t))$