

## Math 2326, Test III

Name \_\_\_\_\_

1. Find the general solution:

$$w'' + 2w' + w = e^{-t}$$

answer:  $w(t) = C_1e^{-t} + C_2te^{-t} + \frac{1}{2}t^2e^{-t}$

2. Find any 5 of the 6 equilibrium points of the nonlinear system:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dx}{dt} &= -8x^2 - 6xy + 480x \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= -x^2y - y^3 + 2500y\end{aligned}$$

and classify any two of them as a source, sink, saddle point, spiral source, spiral sink, or center.

answer:  $(0, 0)$  is source,  $(0, 50)$  is saddle,  $(0, -50)$  is saddle,  $(60, 0)$  is sink,  $(30, 40)$  is sink,  $(46.8, 17.6)$  is saddle.

3. a. Find the general solution of the undamped spring problem, with a periodic applied force field:  $my'' + ky = \cos(\omega t)$

answer:  $y(t) = C_1 \cos(\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}t) + C_2 \sin(\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}t) + \frac{1}{k-\omega^2 m} \cos(\omega t)$

- b. Near what value of the frequency  $\omega$  will a very large oscillation of the spring result?

answer:  $\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$

4. Find the Laplace transform of the solution to problem 1, with initial conditions  $w(0) = 2, w'(0) = 3$ . (Don't need to find  $w(t)$ .)

answer:  $L(w) = \frac{1}{(s+1)^3} + \frac{2s+7}{(s+1)^2}$

5. Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $F(s) = \frac{2s+3}{s^2+s+1}$

answer:  $f(t) = 2e^{-t/2} \cos(\sqrt{3}t/2) + \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} e^{-t/2} \sin(\sqrt{3}t/2)$

6. Find the Laplace transform of the solution of  $y'' - 3y' + 5y = g(t)$ , with  $y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0$ , where  $g(t) = 0$  for  $t < 2$  and  $g(t) = e^{2t}$  for  $t \geq 2$ .

answer:  $L(y) = \frac{e^4 e^{-2s}}{(s-2)(s^2-3s+5)}$