Math 2326, Final Exam

Name _____

1. For what range of initial values (A) will the solution of

$$y' = (y-2)^3(5-y)(3+y)$$
, with $y(0) = A$

converge (as $t \to \infty$) to y = 2? For what range will the solution converge to y = 5? (Hint: construct the phase line.)

answer: for $A=2, y\to 2$, for $A>2, y\to 5$

2. Use Laplace transforms to solve $y'' + 9y' + 18y = 210e^{4t}$, with y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0. (Hints: L(y') = sL(y) - y(0) and $L(e^{at}) = \frac{1}{s-a}$).

answer: $y(t) = -10e^{-3t} + 7e^{-6t} + 3e^{4t}$

3. Solve the differential equation of problem 2 **without** using Laplace transforms.

answer: $y(t) = -10e^{-3t} + 7e^{-6t} + 3e^{4t}$

4. Find both equilibrium points of the system below, and classify each as a source, sink, saddle point, spiral source, spiral sink, or center.

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = x^2 - y^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = xy + 25$$

answer: (5, -5) is a spiral source, (-5, 5) is a spiral sink

5. a. Find the solution to the following system, with x(0) = -3, y(0) = -2.

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} x'\\y' \end{array}\right] = \left[\begin{array}{cc} 2 & 3\\0 & 3 \end{array}\right] \left[\begin{array}{c} x\\y \end{array}\right]$$

answer:
$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = e^{2t} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + e^{3t} \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

b. Find all equilibrium points of problem 5a, and classify each as a source, sink, saddle, spiral source, spiral sink or center.

answer: (0,0) is a source