

## 2D Time-Dependent Problems (Galerkin method)

PDEs:

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_{11} \frac{\partial U_1}{\partial t} + \dots + C_{1N} \frac{\partial U_N}{\partial t} &= \frac{\partial A_1}{\partial x}(x, y, t, U_1, U_{1x}, U_{1y}, \dots, U_N, U_{Nx}, U_{Ny}) \\
 &+ \frac{\partial B_1}{\partial y}(x, y, t, U_1, U_{1x}, U_{1y}, \dots, U_N, U_{Nx}, U_{Ny}) \\
 &- F_1(x, y, t, U_1, U_{1x}, U_{1y}, \dots, U_N, U_{Nx}, U_{Ny}) \\
 &= \\
 &= \\
 C_{N1} \frac{\partial U_1}{\partial t} + \dots + C_{NN} \frac{\partial U_N}{\partial t} &= \frac{\partial A_N}{\partial x}(x, y, t, U_1, U_{1x}, U_{1y}, \dots, U_N, U_{Nx}, U_{Ny}) \\
 &+ \frac{\partial B_N}{\partial y}(x, y, t, U_1, U_{1x}, U_{1y}, \dots, U_N, U_{Nx}, U_{Ny}) \\
 &- F_N(x, y, t, U_1, U_{1x}, U_{1y}, \dots, U_N, U_{Nx}, U_{Ny})
 \end{aligned}$$

where the  $C_{ij}$  are functions of  $(x, y, t, U_1, \dots, U_N)$ .

Boundary conditions:

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_1 &= FB_1(x, y, t) \\
 &= \\
 &= \\
 U_N &= FB_N(x, y, t)
 \end{aligned}$$

or  $((N_x, N_y) = \text{unit outward normal vector})$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_1 N_x + B_1 N_y &= GB_1(x, y, t, U_1, U_{1x}, U_{1y}, \dots, U_N, U_{Nx}, U_{Ny}) \\
 &= \\
 &= \\
 A_N N_x + B_N N_y &= GB_N(x, y, t, U_1, U_{1x}, U_{1y}, \dots, U_N, U_{Nx}, U_{Ny})
 \end{aligned}$$

Initial conditions:

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_1(x, y, t_0) &= U_{10}(x, y) \\
 &= \\
 &= \\
 U_N(x, y, t_0) &= U_{N0}(x, y)
 \end{aligned}$$