

## Math 2313, Test II

Name \_\_\_\_\_

1. If  $w(x, y) = x^3z + xy^2z + e^{xyz}$ , find:

a.  $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} =$   
answer:  $3x^2z + y^2z + yze^{xyz}$

b.  $w_{xyz} =$   
answer:  $2y + (x^2y^2z^2 + 3xyz + 1)e^{xyz}$

2. If  $f(x, y, z) = \ln(\sqrt{x + y + z^2})$ ,

a. Find the gradient of  $f$  at  $(1, 1, 1)$ .  
answer:  $\langle \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{2}{6} \rangle$

b. Find the derivative of  $f$  at  $(1, 1, 1)$  in the direction of the vector  $\langle 2, 2, -1 \rangle$ .  
answer:  $\frac{1}{9}$

3. The height of a mountain is given by  $z = 5000 - 2(x - 5)^2 + 5(y - 8)$ .

a. If you move from the point  $x = 5, y = 8$  to  $x = 5.2, y = 8.1$ , exactly how much does your altitude change?

answer: 0.42

b. Use the differential  $dz$  to approximate the change in altitude in part (a).

answer: 0.5

c. If you are at  $x = 5, y = 8$ , in what direction should you head if you want to go downhill as fast as possible?

answer:  $-\nabla z = \langle 0, -5 \rangle$

d. Write the equation of the tangent plane to this surface, at  $(5, 8)$ .

answer:  $z = 5000 + 5(y - 8)$

4. If  $(U_x, U_y, U_z) = (2, -2, 1)$  at the point  $(-3, 0, 0)$ , which has spherical coordinates  $\rho = 3, \phi = \frac{\pi}{2}, \theta = \pi$ , find  $U_\theta$  at this point. For spherical coordinates,

$$x = \rho \sin(\phi) \cos(\theta)$$

$$y = \rho \sin(\phi) \sin(\theta)$$

$$z = \rho \cos(\phi)$$

answer: 6