

Math 3323, Test II

Name _____

1. What is the volume of a parallelepiped with edges

$$u = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, v = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, w = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

answer: 24

2. If

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 & 4 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

- a. Find a basis for the subspace spanned by the rows of A.

answer: $\langle 1, 0, 2, 3, 0 \rangle, \langle 0, 1, 1, -2, 0 \rangle$ is one basis.

- b. Find a basis for the null space of A.

answer: $\langle -2, -1, 1, 0, 0 \rangle, \langle -3, 2, 0, 1, 0 \rangle, \langle 0, 0, 0, 0, 1 \rangle$ is one basis.

- c. What is the rank and what is the nullity of A?

answer: rank=2, nullity=3

3. Do the given restrictions on vectors

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

in R^2 define subsets which are subspaces of R^2 ?

- a. $x_1 = 2x_2$ (yes)
- b. $3x_1 - x_2 = 0$ (yes)
- c. $x_1x_2 = 0$ (no)
- d. $x_1 = 0$ and $x_2 = 0$ (yes)

4. Write the equation for the plane through $(1,1,-2)$ perpendicular to the vector $(3,2,1)$.

answer: $3(x - 1) + 2(y - 1) + (z + 2) = 0$

5. True or False (remember that a statement is false unless it is *always* true):
- a. The dot product is only defined for vectors in R^3 . (false)
 - b. The plane $x + y - z = 0$ is a subspace of R^3 . (true)
 - c. A set of 4 vectors in a 7-dimensional subspace may be a spanning set for the subspace. (false)
 - d. A set of 4 vectors in a 7-dimensional subspace may be linearly dependent. (true)
 - e. A basis for a 7-dimensional subspace may contain 8 vectors. (false)
 - f. The null space of B is a subset of the null space of AB. (true)
 - g. The intersection of two subspaces is a subspace. (true)
 - h. The null space of a nonsingular $n \times n$ matrix is R^n . (false)
 - i. The set of solutions to $Ax = b$ is a subspace. (false)
 - j. Every subspace must contain the zero vector. (true)