## **Nov 21 Homework**

- 1. If you want a power series  $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} a_i x^i$  whose coefficients  $a_i$  give the number of unordered partitions of i which do not include any 2's, and do not include any parts over 4, what series do you multiply?
- 2. Write out the first 8 terms (up to  $a_7x^7$ ) in this series. Actually list the  $a_7$  partitions of 7, using only 1's, 3's and 4's.
- 3. Find the number of ordered partitions (compositions) of n=8 of p parts, with no part 1. That is, find the number of solutions to  $x_1+x_2+...+x_p=8$ , with  $x_i \geq 2$ . (Hint: substitute  $y_i=x_i-1$ .) Clearly, p cannot be more than 4; add up the answers for p=1,2,3 and 4, and verify that it is  $F_{n-1}=F_7$ , as claimed in Schumer problem 15.7.
- 4. The number of partitions, p(n), for the first 10 integers are:

p(1)= 1p(2)= 2p(3)= 3= 5 p(4)= 7p(5)p(6)= 11= 15p(7)= 22p(8)= 30p(9)p(10) = 42

List all partitions of n, for n=1 through 7.