Solving Logarithmic Equations - Intermediate Algebra

Steps: 1. Isolate the logarithm(s) on one side of the equation.

- 2. Combine logarithms into a single logarithm if necessary.
- 3. Rewrite the logarithm in exponential form.
 - 4. Solve the equation by isolating the variable.

Examples: Solve.

1.
$$\log(x-10) = 3$$

2.
$$\log(x+4) = 2$$

$$3. \log x = \log 5$$

instinct isolate
$$\log x - \log 5 = 0$$

 $X = 5$
1-1 property of logarithms $\int_{0}^{1} |\cos x|^{2} = 0$
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4.
$$\log(2x) + \log(3x) = 3$$

5.
$$\log_3(3x+5) = 4$$

Isolate

contine

vew.te
$$3' = 3x + 5$$

Solve

$$81 = 3x + 5$$

$$\frac{76}{3} = \frac{3x}{3}$$

$$\frac{76}{3} = x$$

$$\frac{76}{3} = x$$